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TOWN HALL.

HAVE NOW IN STORE A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF

DRY GOODS,

Foreign and Domestic Dress Fabrics,

SHAWLS AND SCARVES,

WHITE GOODS,

LINENS, EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.

Embracing all the Novelties of the Season.

ALSO, A FULL LINE OF

EARTHENWARE,

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Groceries, Provisions,

BOOTS & SHOES,

And in fact everything usually kept in a

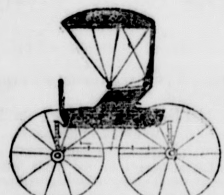
FIRST CLASS RETAIL STORE.

Prices Low.

April 6th, 1872—3mos.

J. M. COX & BRO.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.



BUILDERS OF FIRST CLASS WORK ONLY.

A Large and Superior Stock of

CARRIAGES!

now on hand, made expressly for this market, all of which will be disposed of on reasonable terms, and guaranteed to be what it is represented.

Particular attention given to repairing. **100,000**

100,000

Nonpareil Sweet Potato Plants, FOR SALE.

THE BEST SWEET POTATO NOW IN USE.

ALSO a choice selection of the other varieties of plants usually grown in hot-beds and cold-frames, consisting of

CABBAGE, TOMATO,

EGG AND PEPPER PLANTS

Tomato plants transplanted from hot-beds into cold frames, and very strong and stocky.

Prices moderate. Plants ready now.

HENRY CLAYTON,

Mount Pleasant, Delaware.

WORDEN & EVANS

AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

Woods Self Rake

REAPER & MOWER COMBINED,

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Send for circular, or call and see, before purchasing elsewhere.

DAVID T. STUART,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

DOVER, DEL.

OFFICE North end of Court House

Special attention given to the collection of debts.

FARMS FOR SALE!!

Conveniently located near Railroads, Rivers and Canals; of excellent soils, generally well improved, and sold on reasonable terms.

No. 1.—A farm situated in Cecil county, Maryland, containing 243 acres, with large brick buildings, in excellent repair; beautiful residence; 2 boats running daily to Baltimore and Philadelphia; soil of excellent quality and well improved; 4,000 peach trees, 4 years old—will have abundant crop this year. The farm is under good hedges and fencing.

No. 2.—A farm situated 3 miles from Elkton and one from canal, known as "Ford Farm," containing 400 acres, buildings excellent; soil well improved and under good hedges; splendid 4 year old peach orchard—will produce 10,000 baskets this year; the farm will complete in corn, wheat and grass with any farm on the peninsula; will divide pleasantly; very healthy location, and the owner requests me to say that this is one of the finest farms in the State.

No. 3.—A farm of 22 acres, 1 mile from Elkton, Md.; soil excellent for truck.

No. 4.—A farm of 195 acres, one mile from McDougal, adjoining land of George W. Koser, known as the "Jesse Higgins Farm;" buildings fair; 40 acres in peach trees and 5 acres in apples, all in bearing. This is a very desirable residence. Terms accommodating.

No. 5.—A farm two miles from St. Georges, lying on the north side of the canal, 1 mile from the station, containing 108 acres; six hedges enclosures; buildings good; soil excellent; 2,000 peach trees, three years old; also other fruits in abundance. This farm is known as the Allison property.

No. 6.—A farm of 111 acres adjoining No. 5, with which it will compare favorably. These farms will be sold jointly or separately.

No. 7.—A farm of 550 acres, on Behm's Manor, known as the Silver property; the best soil on the peninsula. This is a good chance for a man of means.

No. 8.—A farm of 189 acres, within one mile of Middletown, and well located for a nursery farm; 20 acres in peach trees, soil good; buildings fair. This is also 55 acres in wheat. Price \$12,500—a rare chance for a capitalist. The nursery and wheat go with the farm.

No. 9.—A farm of 250 acres 14 miles from Mt. Pleasant, only to be seen to be appreciated. A very rare chance.

No. 10.—A farm of 105 acres, within two miles of Middletown; soil good, well hedged and located; very desirable property; excellent location.

No. 11.—A farm of 225 acres, near Locust Grove, Md.; 6,000 4-year-old peach trees; soil good, and buildings in excellent repair. Price low and terms very accommodating.

No. 12.—A farm of 125 acres, situated in Appomattox, Va.; has been well improved; fenced within the last few years; 40 acres in peach trees. Price, \$35 per acre.

No. 13.—A farm of 145 acres, situated in Appomattox, Va.; has been well improved; fenced within the last few years; 40 acres in peach trees. Price, \$35 per acre.

No. 14.—A farm of 125 acres, 2 1/2 miles from Middletown; splendid dwelling, nearly new; necessary outbuildings; 4,000 peach trees; there is a never failing stream that waters every field. This is the best property for sale in this neighborhood.

No. 15.—A two-story dwelling in Warwick, 2418 feet with back building 2418 feet, and cellars; meat-house, stable, carriage-house, corn-house, slaughter-house, &c. all of which are in good order; also 1/2 acre of land. Price, \$2,000.

No. 16.—A two-story dwelling in Warwick, 1632 feet with back building 1632 feet; also a meat-house—all in good repair. 1/2 acre of land. Price, \$1,000.

No. 17.—A two-story dwelling in Warwick, 16 feet square, with back building 1/2 acre of land. Price, \$500.

No. 18.—Three acres of land in Warwick, under good fence, well improved and well set in timothy. Price, \$250.

No. 19.—Three acres of land in Warwick, under good fence, in fair condition and well set in grass. Price, \$500.

I have houses and lots in Middletown, and a great many farms and wood tracts in all parts of the peninsula, ranging in price from \$10 to \$175 per acre, which I would take pleasure in showing to purchasers.

Those wishing to sell their farms this fall, will please send or leave description and address, corner of Broad and Anderson Sts., MIDDLETOWN, DEL., as I am getting up a catalogue for distribution.

Geo. W. Ingram.

AUCTION.

There will be an auction of Horses, Shoes, Nations, Clothing, Harness, &c. every Saturday night. If you want to save money, call at any time and see for yourself.

may 4—4f.

DRESSED UP!!

THE OLD BANK HAS NOW GOT

THE NEW SUMMER CLOTHES AND IS

PREPARED FOR BUSINESS.

ICE CREAM

SODA WATER

In exchange for Cash. Discount days—every day in the week, Sundays excepted.

Open at all hours.

Fine Confectionery,

Fruits, foreign & domestic.

Cakes, &c. &c.

Always on hand. Cakes made to order. Parties supplied at short notice.

N. B.—Agent for Jackson, Pyle & Cox's Alden

Fruits. may 11—1f

Main St. Middletown, Del.

FRUIT TREES

AND

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

FOR SALE, AT ODESSA NURSERY,

ODESSA, DELAWARE.

PEACH, PEAR, & CHERRY TREES

FOR FALL PLANTING; ALSO,

SMALL FRUIT PLANTS

Of all kinds, and a general assortment of Nursery stock.

sept 22—1f

FOLK & HYATT.

Select Poetry.

Do as Near Right as You Can.

The world stretches widely before you.
A field for your muscle and brain;
And though clouds may often float o'er you,
And often come tempests and rain,
Be fearless of storms which o'ertake you—
Push forward through all like a man—
Good fortune will never forsake you
If you do as near right as you can.

Remember, the will, to do right,
If used, will the evil confound;
Live daily by conscience, that nightly
Your sleep may be peaceful and sound.
In contests of right never waver—
Let honesty shape every plan,
And life will of Paradise savor,
If you do as near right as you can.

Though foes darkest scandal may speed
To injure your fame, never heed,
And strive with their shrewdness of tact
To justify and honestly act;
And ask of the Ruler of Heaven,
To save your fair name as a man,
And all that you ask will be given,
If you do as near right as you can.

Select Story.

**A FRONTIER TRAGEDY;
Or, the Providential Defender.**

I shall never forget my first vision of William Denton. It was in the court-house at Little Rock, Arkansas, in the summer of 1831. The occasion itself possessed a terrible interest, well calculated to fix in the memory all its circumstances. A vast concourse of spectators had assembled to witness the trial of a young and very beautiful girl on an indictment for murder. The judge waited at the moment for the sheriff to bring in his prisoner, and the eyes of the impatient multitude eagerly watched the door for the expected arrival, when suddenly a stranger entered, whose remarkable appearance riveted universal attention. Here is his portrait drawn as accurately as pen can sketch it.

A figure tall, lean, sinewy and straight as an arrow; a brow massive, soaring and smooth as polished marble, intersected by a large blue vein fashed like the tongue of a serpent; eyes reddish yellow, resembling a wrathful eagle's; as brilliant, as fearfully piercing; and finally, a mouth slightly curled and curving—the living embodiment of unbreathed curses! He was habited in leather, ornamented after the fashion of Indian costume, with beads of every color in the rainbow.

Elaboring his way proudly and slowly through the throng, and seemingly altogether unconscious that he was regarded as a phenomenon that needed explanation, the singular being advanced and, with the languid air of a king taking his throne, seated himself within the bar, crowded with the disciples of Coke and Blackstone, several of whom, it was known, esteemed themselves far superior to those old and famous masters.

The contrast between the disdainful countenance and outlandish garb of the stranger excited especially the curiosity of the lawyers, and the junior members began a suppressed titter, which soon grew louder and swept around the circle. They doubtless supposed the intruder to be some wild hunter of the mountains, who had never before seen the interior of a hall of justice.

Instantly the cause and object of the laughter perceived it. Turning his head gradually, so as to give each listener a look of infinite scorn, he ejaculated the single word—"Savage."

No yet can describe the unspeakable malice, the defiant force which he threw into that terse; no language can express the infernal fier of his utterance, although it hardly exceeded a whisper. But he glanced every letter as if it were a separate emission of fire that scorched his quivering lips, laying horrible emphasis on the letter s, both at the beginning and ending of the word. It was a mixed growl, intermediate betwixt the growl of a red tiger and the hiss of a rattlesnake—"Savage!" It cured everybody of the disposition to laugh.

The general gaze, however, was then diverted by the advent of the fair prisoner, who came surrounded by her guard. The apparition was enough to drive even a cynic mad, for hers was a style of beauty to bewilder the keenest imagination and heart, a gleaming picture, enameled with fire and fixed in a frame of gold from the stars. It was the spell of an enchantment to be felt as well as seen. We might feel it in the flash of her countenance, clear as sunlight, brilliant as the iris; in the classic contour of her features, symmetrical as if cut with an artist's chisel; in her hair of rich ringlets, flowing without a braid, softer than silk, finer than gossamer; in her eyes, blue as the heaven of southern summer, large, liquid, dreamy; in her motions, graceful, swimming, like the gentle waftures of a bird's wing in the sunny air; in her figure, slight, ethereal—a sylph's or a seraph's; and more than all, in the coquettish smile of the rose lips, so fresh, so serene, so like starlight, and yet thrilling the soul as a shock of electricity.

As the unfortunate girl so tastefully dressed, so incomparable as to personal charms, calmly took her place before the bar of justice, a murmur of admiration arose from the multitude, which the prompt interposition of the Court could scarcely repress from swelling into deafening cheers. The murmur was followed by a loud unearthly groan from a solitary bosom, as of some one in mortal anguish.

All eyes were centered on the stranger, and all were struck with surprise and wonder, for his features writhed as if in torture—that his rain of tears could not assuage. But what could be the cause of this sudden emotion? Could there be any connection between him, the apparently pale hunter, and that fairy girl, more beautiful than a blossom of summer, and in countenance celestial as a star?

The judge turned to the prisoner—"Emma Greenleaf, the court has been informed that your counsel, Colonel Linton, is sick and cannot attend. Have you employed any other?"

She answered in a voice sweet as the warble of the nightingale, clear as the song of the skylark—"My enemies have bribed all the lawyers, even my own, to be sick; but God will defend the innocent!"

At this response, so touching in its simple pathos, a portion of the auditors buzzed applause and the rest wept. On the instant, however, the leather-robed stranger, whose aspect had previously excited so much merriment, approached the prisoner, and whispered something in her ear. She bounded several inches from the floor, uttered a wild shriek, and then stood pale and trembling as if in the presence of a ghost from the grave. All now could perceive that there must be some mysterious connection between the two, and the scene assumed the profound interest of a genuine romance. The stranger addressed the court in accents as enormous as the tone of the organ—"May it please your honor, I will defend the legal rights of the lady."

What exclaimed the astonished judge, are you a licensed attorney?"

The question is immaterial and irrelevant," replied the stranger with a sneer, "as your statute entitles any person to act as counsel at the request of a party."

But does the prisoner request it?" asked the judge.

Let her speak for herself said the stranger.

"I do," was her answer, as a long brown sigh escaped, that seemed to rend her very heart-strings.

What is your name, as it must be placed on record?" interrogated the judge. "William Denton," said the stranger.

The case immediately progressed. We will briefly epitomize the substance of the evidence. About twelve months previously the defendant had arrived in the town, and opened an establishment of millinery. It being in a small room back of her shop and all alone, she prepared the various articles of her trade, with unwearied toil and consummate taste. Her habits were secluded, modest, and retiring; and hence she might have hoped to escape notice, but for the perfidious gift of that extraordinary beauty, which too often, and to the poor and friendless, proves a curse. She was soon sought after by those gay fire-flies of fashion, the business of whose life is seduction and ruin. But the beautiful stranger rejected them all alike with unalterable scorn and loathing.

Among the disappointed admirers was one of a character from which the fair milliner had everything to fear. Hiram Shore belonged to a family at once opprobrious, indolent, and disappointed. He was himself licentious, brave, and revengeful, and a duelist of established and terrible fame. It was generally known that he had made advances to win the favor of the lovely Emma and had shared the fate of all her other wooers—a disfigured repulse.

At nine o'clock on Christmas night 1831, the people of Little Rock were startled by a loud scream as if some one in mortal terror; while following that, with hardly an interval, came successive reports of firearms—one, two, three—a dozen deafening explosions. They flew to the shop of the milliner, whence the sound emanated, and pushed back the unfastened door. A dreadful scene was presented. There she stood in the centre of the room with a revolver in each hand, every barrel discharged, her features pale, her eyes flashing wildly, and her lips parted with an awful smile. And there at her feet, writhing in his warm blood, his bosom literally riddled with shot, lay the all-revered duelist, Hiram Shore, gasping in the last agony. He articulated but a single sentence—"Tell my mother that I am dead and gone," and instantly expired.

In God's name who did this?" exclaimed the appalled spectators. "I did it," said the beautiful milliner, in her sweet, silvery accents. "I did it to save my honor!"

Such is a brief abstract of the essential circumstances, developed in the examination of witnesses. The testimony closed and the pleadings began.

First of all, Fowler, Pike and Ashley, (all famous lawyers at that time in the southwest) spoke in succession for the prosecution. They about equally partitioned their eloquence betwixt the prisoner and her advocate, covering the latter with such sarcastic wit, railery and ridicule as made it a doubt whether he or his client was the party then on trial. As to Denton, however, he seemed to pay not the slightest attention to his opponents, but remained motionless, with his forehead bowed on his hands, like one buried in deep thought or in slumber.

When his time came, however, he suddenly sprang to his feet, crossed the bar, and took a position almost touching the forehead of the jury, he then commenced in a whisper, but in a whisper so will, peculiar, and indeliberately distinct as to fill the hall from floor to galleries.

At the outset he dealt in pure logic analyzing and combining the proven facts, till the whole mass of confused evidence looked transparent as a globe of crystal, through which the innocence of his client shone luminous as a sunbeam, while the jurors nodded to each other signs of thorough conviction. The thrilling whisper and concentrated argument, and language simple as a child's, had satisfied the demand of the intellect, and this, too, in only twenty minutes. It was like the work of a mathematical demonstration.

He then changed his posture so as to sweep the bar with his glance, and, like a raging lion, rushed upon his adversaries, tearing and rending their sophistries into atoms. His sallow face glowing like a red hot iron, the forked blue veins swelled and wreathed on his brow, his eyes resembled live coals, and his voice was the clangor of a trumpet. I never before or since, listened to such appalling denunciation. It was like Jove's eagle charging a flock of crows. It was like Jove himself hurling thunderbolts in the shuddering eyes of inferior gods. And yet in the highest temper of his fury he seemed wonderfully calm. He employed no gesture save one—the flash of a long bony finger directly in the pallid faces of his legal foes. He painted their venality and unmanly baseness in confessions for money to crush a friendless female, till a shout of stifled wrath broke from the multitude, and some of the sworn panel cried "Shame!" And thus the orator had earned his point—had aroused a perfect storm of indignation against the prosecutors—and this also in twenty minutes.

He changed his theme once more. His voice grew mournful as a funeral dirge and his eyes filled with tears, as he traced a vivid picture of man's cruelties and woman's wrongs, with special applications in the case of his client, till half the audience wept like children.

But it was in the peroration that he reached the zenith both of terror and sublimity. His features were livid as those of a corpse; his very hair appeared to stand on end; his nerves shook as with a palsy; he tossed his hands wildly toward heaven, each finger spread apart and quivering like the flame of a candle, as he closed with the words of deceased Hiram Shore—"Tell my mother that I am dead and gone to hell!" His emphasis on the word hell embodied the elements of all horror. It was a wall of immeasurable despair—a wild howl of infinite torture. No language can depict its effect on all who heard it. Men groaned, women shrieked, and one poor mother was borne away in convulsions. The entire speech occupied but an hour.

The jury rendered a verdict of "not guilty" without leaving the box, and three tremendous cheers, like successive roars of an earthquake, shook the court-house from dome to corner-stone, testifying the joy of the people. At the same moment the beautiful milliner bounded to her feet and clasped the triumphant advocate in her arms, exclaiming—"Oh, my husband! my dear husband!"

Denton smiled, seized her hand, whispered a word in her ear, and they left the bar together, proceeded to the landing and embarked on a steamboat bound for New Orleans. It seems that they had previously parted on account of his caseless jealousy, after which she assumed a false name and came to Little Rock. How he learned her danger, he could never ascertain.

They returned to Texas. The husband was a colored in the revolution, and escaped its perils only to fall the next year in a terrible fight with the Comanches. A new country in the cross-timbers, a country of wild woods romantic as his own champaign, and of sun-bright prairie, commemorates his name—the name of a transient star that set too soon, which had now been the first luminary in the political sky of Texas, if not in the circle of the whole Union, for he was nature's Demosthenes of the western woods!

BATHING.—Many persons have lost their lives by getting chilled in the process of bathing; sometimes by going into the bath too soon after eating. No person should take any kind of bath sooner than three hours after a regular meal, and the room should show a heat of 25° of Fahrenheit's thermometer, at about five feet above the floor in the middle of the room, in order to avoid dangerous chills; persons of a feeble circulation should have the room still warmer; if there is an uncomfortable feeling of coldness to the body when it comes out of the water, the room is too cold.

A citizen of Gosport, Ind., the other night mistook his wife's yeast bottle for his favorite brown jug, and took a "long pull and a strong pull" therefrom. He is now regarded as a rising man.

Why are birds melancholy in the morning? Their little bills are all over-dew.

Clergymen, like brakemen, do a good deal by coupling.

A Western paper chronicles the hanging of a horse thief: "Mr. Jim Clementon, equine abductor, of Minnesota, was lately the victim of a necktie sociable."

An editor in Iowa says he has become so hollow from depending on the printing business for bread, that he proposes to sell himself for a stove-pipe.

The Shepherd's Dog.

A flock of about 200 sheep was advancing towards town by one of the northern roads. As it passed through the village of Tottenham, about a dozen of the same species were seen approaching in the opposite direction; and the drivers of this small detachment became, as usual in such cases, anxious lest any of their diminutive number should desert to the stronger party; to prevent which they gathered their few sheep to one side of the road, and surrounded them, as it were, with a wall of men, until the larger flock should have passed. One of them, however, baffled all attempts to prevent his escape, and, forcing his way between the legs of the men who surrounded him, sprang into the midst of the other flock, in which he appeared, to the unpractised eye, completely lost. A vigorous pursuit immediately commenced, and the drivers running to and fro, made every effort to recover the fugitive, until they were obliged, from mere exhaustion, to give over the endeavor. The head driver of the larger flock, who had looked on apparently enjoying the transaction, then gave the word to his dog, who dashed forward and brought the affair to a very speedy conclusion. He singled out the runaway without the least hesitation, and seizing him by the loose skin of the neck, bore him to the ground, and held him fast until the drivers came up and fully secured him. The larger flock now passed on, and a bystander expressing his pleasure at the sagacity of the dog, the driver put the animal into vigorous employment; and he was seen now urging on the main body, now restraining stragglers—now at his master's feet, and now again circling the flock, and barking with all his might. After this display had continued for some time it was interrupted by an entry from behind, and the stray sheep was seen, renewing his attempt at an escape. In this he again succeeded, although his pursuers were now aided by a number of bystanders; and the poor animal, no doubt thinking the coast clear, came bounding onward in eager haste. As before, however, his triumph was but of short duration, for the dog delivered him a second time to his rightful owners.

Men or Few Words.—Some men use words as riflemen use bullets. They say but little. The few words go right to the mark. They let you talk, and guide with their eyes and face, on and on, till what you say can be answered in a yard or two, and then they lance out a sentence, pierce the mark to the quick, and are done. Your conversation falls into their mind as a river into a deep chasm, and is lost from sight by its depth and darkness. They will sometimes surprise you with a few words, that go the mark like a gunshot, and then they are silent again, as if they were reloading. Such men are safe counsellors, and true friends where they profess to be such. To them truth is more valuable than gold, while pretension is too gaudy to deceive them. Words without merit, to them, are like titles without merit, only betraying the weakness of the blinded dupes who are ever used as promoters of other men's schemes.

SWEET HOME.—J. Howard Payne, the author of "Sweet Home," was a wanderer in life; he whose song was sung in every tongue, and found an echo in every heart, never had a home. It is a singular fact, that very few persons in America know, that the author of "Sweet Home" was an American. "How often," said he once to a friend in Washington, "I have been in the heart of Paris, Berlin, London, or some other city, and heard persons singing, or the hand organ playing 'Sweet Home' without a shilling to buy the next meal, or a place to lay my head. The world has literally sung my song, until every heart is familiar with its melody, yet I have been a wanderer from my boyhood."

Payne died in Tunis, and on his tomb is inscribed the following lines:

Sure, when thy gentle spirit fled
To realms beyond the azure dome,
With arms outstretched, God's angel said,
Welcome to Heaven's Home Sweet Home.

A law of England enforced in the seventeenth century: "All women of what-ever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, wives or widows, that shall, from and after this act, impose upon, seduce and betray into matrimony any of his majesty's male subjects, by words, promises, compacts, washes, artificial teeth, false hair, Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops, high-heeled shoes or bagged hips, shall incur the penalty of the laws in force against witchcraft, sorcery, and the like, and that the marriage, upon conviction, shall stand null and void."

The following are given as the estimated prices for trotting horses at the present day: A horse that can trot in 2:45 will bring \$1,500 to \$2,000; a dashing, good young animal, of square action, will command \$2,500 or \$3,000, while a well-bred one, say a Messenger or a bushaw, for instance, that can trot in 2:35, with a prospect of improvement, will be sought after at \$5,000; and one either of the above stock, that can beat 2:30 is

Democratic State Convention.

By order of the State Democratic Executive Committee, a meeting of the delegates to the State Democratic Convention will be held at Dover, on Tuesday, June 11th, 1872, at 12 o'clock M. for the purpose of electing six delegates to the Democratic National Convention to be held in Baltimore, July 9th, 1872.

It is also ordered that the Democratic citizens of the different Hundreds throughout the State will meet at the regular places where such meetings are held in each Hundred, on Saturday, June 1st, 1872, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing the number of delegates to the State Democratic Convention that each Hundred is entitled to elect according to the rules governing the Democratic party throughout the State.

WM. DEAN,
Chairman of State Dem. Ex. Com.
NEWARK, DEL. May 16, 1872.

The Democratic National Election takes place to-day—June 8th. Polls open at 10 A. M. and close at 7 P. M.

The candidates for Sheriff are Isaac Grubb and Wm. H. Lambson. These gentlemen are well qualified for the position to which they aspire, and it only remains for the Democracy to select the more popular of the two—the one who can make the better poll at the general election.

There are three or four candidates for for Coroner, among whom are Richard Groves and the present incumbent, Mr. Woodward.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.—The Democratic State Convention will convene at Dover on Tuesday next, the 11th inst. The only business that will come before that body, will be the selection of six delegates to represent Delaware in the Democratic National Convention, which meets in Baltimore on the 9th of July. Great care should be taken that good representative men be sent—men who will not be overawed by new departmentalists, passivists, or by men who are willing to sacrifice principles for policy.

A series of resolutions, setting forth the principles of the Democratic party of Delaware, should be adopted, among which should be one similar to the following:

That the Democrats of Delaware declare their uncompromising opposition to the so-called fourteenth and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and denounce them as frauds upon the people, imposed by federal bayonets in violation of all law; that they denounce the acts of Congress having for their object the equalization of the white and black races; that our delegates to the Baltimore Convention are hereby instructed to vote for none but straight-out Democrats for President and Vice-President, and to use their best efforts to have a platform purely Democratic, and void of anything that might be construed into endorsing the so-called recent amendments.

POLITICAL NOTES.—“When the rebellious traitors are overwhelmed in the field, and scattered like leaves before an angry wind, it must not be to return to peaceful and contented homes. They must find poverty at their firesides, and see privation in the anxious eyes of mothers and in the rags of children.”—Horace Greeley.

The New York World, in a carefully prepared article, declares that “to tolerate much longer the candidacy of Greeley is for the Democracy to commit suicide by poison. To accept him as its candidate is to commit suicide by an explosive bullet lodged in its heart.” It says that this conclusion has been arrived at after reviewing the opinions of local leaders throughout the United States, and also of the Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress.

The Baltimore Gazette reports five Democratic papers in Maryland as rejecting the Cincinnati ticket in any and every contingency; five that prefer a Democratic ticket, but will submit to the action of the Baltimore Convention; twenty that have the matter in the hands of the Convention; and four that will support Greeley.

A speech of Hon. D. W. Voorhees at the New York Convention was widely circulated by the supporters of General Grant. The speech was the work of the two wings of the Republican party, and the Democratic support is lively.

The Baltimore Gazette has published a list of the names of the delegates to the Democratic National Convention, and the names of the delegates to the Democratic State Convention.

Not for Greeley.

As but one month intervenes between now and the day for the assembling of the Democracy in National Convention, in Baltimore, it is the duty of members of the Democratic press throughout the country to express their own and the opinions of their readers, as far as possible, upon the questions that will come before that body. Some Democratic papers are counseling silence until after the Baltimore Convention shall have acted, but then it will be too late—the work will be done. The press, as a general thing, is the exponent of popular expression, and it is only through that medium that a definite conclusion, as regards public sentiment, can be reached.

There is a movement on foot, by scheming politicians, to sell out the Democratic party to the Greeley and Brown faction. They may sell, but they will never be able to deliver. We believe that nineteen-twentieths of the Democratic journals of the country are opposed to their nomination by the Baltimore Convention, and if they would speak out against such a suicidal policy, and thus express the views of the masses upon the question, Horace Greeley would not have a ghost of a chance in that body; but, on the other hand, if they remain silent, and allow a few papers, who prefer policy to principles, to enunciate for them, the Cincinnati nominees may possibly receive the endorsement of the Baltimore Convention.

Aside from the Cincinnati platform, which has scarcely a principle in consonance with Democracy, Horace Greeley has been a life-long and bitter enemy of the Democratic party, and has recently said that, in the case the Democrats nominated a ticket he would withdraw and give his support to General Grant, whom, together with his office-holders, he has denounced as corrupt and dishonest. If he prefers a dishonest and corrupt faction to a Democracy, what must be his opinion of the Democracy? Everybody knows that Horace Greeley has made use of the expression given above, yet men calling themselves Democrats advocate his endorsement by the Democratic party. These men know that they are but a small minority—scarcely a handful—and know that the rank and file will not follow their counsel, then why longer call themselves Democrats? If they be in favor of Greeley and Brown, and in accord with their principles—for principles, not men, are the issues—why object to calling themselves Liberal Republicans? Let them be consistent men and join the Liberal ranks.

In Delaware, nine-tenths of the Democrats will not support Greeley and Brown if they be nominated at Baltimore (among the number will be found the editor of this paper) and this State may be set down for General Grant. We have mingled freely with the masses for the past few weeks, and we speak knowingly. The Democracy of Delaware is not now prepared to renounce their life-long principles and make a somersault into the Republican ranks.

It has been said by the advocates of Greeley that the Democrats will be bound to abide the decision of the National Democratic Convention, if Greeley be nominated. When was the Democratic party committed to the support of the Cincinnati nominees, and by whom? There never was such a commitment, and neither the press nor Convention, even if so disposed, has the authority to commit the party to the support of any nomination, unless the nominee is a Democrat.

If a commitment has been made, as alleged, why was the meeting of the Democratic Convention deferred until all other parties had held their Conventions, and what is now the necessity of holding it at all? The absurdity is too glaring, and nothing but reckless audaciousness would venture on such an imputation. Whilst Mr. Greeley seeks the Democratic vote, he threatens, should the Democratic party make a nomination of its own, to abandon the contest, and thereby secure, if possible, the re-election of Gen. Grant, thinking to frighten Democrats into his support, upon the supposition that they would prefer him to Grant. The fact is, Greeley would prefer the vilest Radical to the purest Democrat, if they were opposing candidates, and for no other reason than his life-long and bitter prejudice against the Democratic party.

We believe now, as heretofore, that the Baltimore Convention will give us straight-out honest leaders, and not commit the folly of endorsing the Cincinnati Republicans.

On the outside of to-day's issue is a good little story from the June number of *Health and Home*, a magazine not surpassed by any of its kind. Its departments of health culture, and home entertainment, humorous incidents and current events, make it one of the most valuable magazines published. It is published by De Fay, Lyce & Co, 52 Fourth Avenue, New York, at the low price of one dollar and fifty cents a year.

News from the Oregon election indicates that the Republicans have served the

The Philadelphia Convention has met and finished its work. General Grant was unanimously nominated for President on the first ballot, and Henry Wilson, for Vice-President, also on the first ballot, by a small majority over Mr. Colfax.

George Alfred Townsend on Delaware Politics.

George Alfred Townsend seems to love to dabble in Delaware politics since he cast six votes for the State in the Cincinnati Convention. He has been to Wilmington looking up Greeley men. As Washington correspondent of the *Chicago Tribune* he writes the following:

“So far as my information went, all the persons who had sympathized with the Cincinnati movement are satisfied with Horace Greeley's nomination. Men like Samuel Bancroft (a cousin of John Bright of England), Col. A. H. Grimsbur, W. G. Gibbons, G. W. Stone, J. H. Hoffecker, G. Z. Tybout, and others, are disappointed with the *personnel* of the Republican party, and the party has been split up by local feuds.

“This State was long ruled, in the name of the Republican party, by George P. Fisher, of Dover, now Grant's District Attorney of Washington. Fisher is a plausible semi-sincere type of politician, and he long ruled the State by organizing the Republicans in Convention, according to the manner in which the State Government is organized, namely: making each county equal, so that the principal Republican county, New Castle, can be trampled out by the sparsely settled and reactionary lower counties, where the Saulsbury live. The Wilmington people revolutionized this method of making Conventions, and so captured the State organization. After a while the Wilmington men got to quarreling among themselves, between the pretensions of the Grant editor there—one Jenkins, a country chap with goggles, from Norristown, Pa. who carpet-bagged into the State a few years ago—and another man ominously named Pickles, who ruled the City Councils of Wilmington; and, by the way, to control the City Councils is of more consequence than to control the Delaware Legislature—Wilmington being a rich, flourishing municipality, and the State of Delaware having no patronage worth considering, except the two Senatorships.

“The ablest politicians of the State on the Republican side are probably, Nat B. Smithers, of Dover, and J. T. Heald of Wilmington. Smithers is reported to have no great opinion of Grant's Administration. He was a member of Congress for some time, and, as a lawyer, has as much force, style, and incisiveness as can be found in prominent places in other States. He made some mistake of political judgment about negro-suffrage a good while ago, and has wasted a good deal of time in defending that position. The most foolish chase in the world is that for consistency; a wise man never bothers about it, and goes ahead with something else.

“J. T. Heald is one of the wealthiest men of Wilmington, which city is just now approaching a population of 40,000, and has shown as much energy for its size, as any city in the country. Heald is really the brains of Pickles, the Wilmington politician. He is a President of a railroad, and is of Quaker family, quiet, courteous, methodical, and a deep thinker, whose judgment is respected by people of both parties. In the future history of the State, there is little doubt but that men of the character of Smithers and Heald will supersede the old fogies in politics, and live on serenely, despite the abuse of young men who wear goggles and publish newspapers to enhance their self-importance. Amongst others who have been named as dissatisfied with the political situation are Lewis Thompson and John Pilling.

H. G. on the Guano Tax.

The *Chicago Post* gives the following advance copy of the first veto message of President Greeley:

“An Act to raise revenue by imposing a duty of ten per cent on guano.”

COMMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT.

I return this obnoxious measure without my approval. The man who introduced it is an ass; the men who voted for it are scheming British agents, and the men who say this is not the case are liars and horse thieves. I judge that on an average every man, every woman and child in America uses a ton of guano a year, in some shape or other.

We thus consume, in round figures, 40,000,000 tons of guano annually. The arbitrary and revolutionary act which I veto to-day would thus impose a tax of \$4,000,000 a year on our people. With what effect? It would not stimulate the production of American guano. American birds could not compete with the pauper labor of birds in debauched and priest-ridden Central America. I am not quite sure as to what I mean, but the man who speaks to the contrary is a hell-bound, and bribed by British gold.

A COKE FAMINE.—Famines abound. Baltimore and other cities in this country have been suffering from deficient supplies of water. In England, however, the boot is on the other foot, and the want is for fire. In the northern part of that country the supply of coke is so insufficient that a “coke famine” prevails. It is stated that a short time ago 30,000 tons of coke could be purchased for \$600,000, and that now \$160,000 would have to be paid for the same quantity. The price of coke has thus advanced 250 per cent. The actual output for a ton of coke, now sold at \$8, is asserted, is only \$2, and the makers are, therefore, getting a profit of \$6 a ton. The causes of the rise in price are attributed to increased demand and decreased hours of labor.

The storm on the New England coast last week wrecked the schooner *Jane*, of Boston, and all hands were lost. Several other vessels, mostly schooners, were also wrecked, but with the exception of three men on a pilot boat, the crews were saved.

Local and State Affairs.

Minor Topics.

We have been blessed with several fine showers the past week, which has greatly benefited the growing crops. While the wheat crop in this vicinity will generally be very light, there are occasionally fields that will produce well. We were shown on Thursday a sample of very fine wheat, not only for this, but for any season, taken from the field of Mr. Joseph Hanson, near Warwick. Mr. R. R. Gill, near Townsend, has a field of wheat which has been watered by the sky, and promises a good yield. There are many more in this section which look well, but on the average the crop will be light.

Seaford's Minister Young gave an entertainment in the Hall on Wednesday evening. The attendance was small, and the entertainment far short of those usually given by that troupe.

The Trustees of Middletown Academy have advertised for proposals for building an addition to the building.

Kleckner & Co's circus exhibited in Middletown on Tuesday, according to announcement. The day was very unfavorable, owing to falling nearly all day—yet the attendance was very fair. The collection of animals was very good, and the performances were equal to exhibitions of that kind in these times. A trained hog, in one of the enclosures, was great attraction. He could add, subtract, and understand politics as well as to answer many questions. He was also expert at cards, and beat one of our citizens at a game of cards. He was suggested by a bystander that the hog be taken down in the “morgue,” but another gentleman objected, saying that he might be presented to the authorities and taken to the penitentiary.

The Delawarean says the cut-worm has been having its own way during the dry weather. Its ravages upon the corn crop, in this county and Essex, have been very severe. Cut-worms, beetles and cabbage worms have also suffered considerably. Horace Greeley owns stock to the amount of \$5,000 in the Junction and Breakwater Railroad. The Peninsula Fruit Growers Association met at Dover, on Wednesday, 19th inst. At this meeting an estimate of the yield will most probably be made.

The Medical Society of this State will meet at Lewes on the 10th inst. Dr. J. Townsend has assumed the proprietorship of the new Hotel—the Townsend House—at Townsend, and is prepared to accommodate the travelling public. Read his advertisement in another column.

The Philadelphia Tournament which was to have taken place on Tuesday, owing to the continued rainy weather, has been postponed until October next.

Middletown Building and Loan Association funds sold on Thursday evening at 22.

John H. Paynter, Secretary of State, was married in Georgetown, on Tuesday last, to Miss Sallie C. Wright, daughter of G. H. Wright. Ex-Governor Ross has given to the P. E. Church of Seaford, a valuable building lot on which to build a rectory.

Democratic Meeting.

The Democrats of St. Georges Hundred assembled at the Hotel Chatham in this town, on June 1st, to select five delegates to represent the Hundred in the State Convention which convenes at Dover, on Tuesday, June 11th. Samuel Jefferson, Esq. was called to the chair, and C. H. Vanderford acted as secretary.

On motion, the following committee was appointed to recommend five delegates to Dover: J. C. Matthews, John Cochran, Thomas J. Craven, Samuel C. Wright, and C. H. Vanderford. The committee reported J. B. How, Wm. Pulk John Cochran, H. A. Nowland and Richard W. Cochran; alternates—J. B. Garman, Dr. William Ashcraft, Thomas Cochran, J. H. Walker and Columbus Watkins, who were unanimously elected.

On motion the chair appointed by the following gentlemen an Executive committee for St. Georges Hundred, to wit: J. B. How, the chairman; Dr. Wm. Ashcraft, H. A. Nowland, A. M. Osborne, Purnell Jefferson, Purnell J. Lynch and Wm. R. Cochran.

On motion it was resolved to have the proceedings published in the *MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT* and *DELAWARE GAZETTE*.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

SAMUEL JEFFERSON, chairman.
C. H. VANDERFORD, Secretary.

Peach Growers and Commission Dealers.

As the peach season approaches, growers are naturally anxious for prompt and reliable buyers. It has been said that the commission men give the growers, after selling their fruit, what money they don't want. This, however, is not the case with the growers of this county. They are prompt and reliable, and who can give as good references in this neighborhood, some of the largest dealers and most influential men here. Among them are S. B. Schuch, A. M. Schuch, John Combs, Hilliard & Mulkin, and T. E. Ferree. These men have been in business a long time, and are known by our growers to be honest and reliable. Of the firm of Schuch, Acker & Schuch, the *Call* *Register* says: “Mr. Acker for years past has procured the highest prices and made some of the best returns ever realized by Catakill shippers.”

Grand Tournament.

Great preparations are being made by our friends over in Kent County, Maryland, for the holding of a Grand Tournament at Galena, on the 13th inst. It is proposed to make the affair surpass anything of the kind ever held. In addition to the honor of crowning the Queen of Love and Beauty, a valuable prize will be awarded to the successful Knight. Numbers of visitors are expected from the cities of Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore, while hundreds of people from this State and the Eastern Shore will be drawn to the scene. The whole affair will wind up with a grand ball in the evening. Hon. Samuel Hamilton, of Exton, is to be the orator of the day, and Hon. Ferdinand C. Latrobe, of Baltimore, emceeing orator.

Land Sales.

George W. Ingram, Real Estate Agent, of this town, has sold to Jas. T. Shattles the farm of A. M. Vail, one mile east of Middletown, containing 196 acres, for the sum of \$23,000; also the farm of J. M. Boyd, one half mile from Middletown, containing 100 acres, to J. Ward Vandergrift, for \$10,000.

Sudden Death.

On Friday morning last, about 10 o'clock, an old man named John Phillips was found in a dying condition along the roadside, near Collin's place, by two young men, Elias Stevens and Franklin David. He had been engaged in putting up fence, and was in apparent good health a short time before he died. It is supposed he died from apoplexy. He was about 65 years of age; was married, but has no children.

Another Lecture.

The Rev. Dr. Willis has been engaged to deliver another of his amusing and instructive lectures in Middletown—subject: “Moonshine, or Popular Illusions.” He will lecture on Wednesday, the 13th of this month, and the proceeds will be for the benefit of the M. E. Church in this town.

Festival.

The ladies of Westminster Presbyterian Church at Georgetown, Kent county, Md., will hold a strawberry festival on Monday and Tuesday evening next, the 10th and 11th inst. at the Church grounds, the proceeds to be applied to the Sunday School just organized. All favorable to the cause are invited to attend.

Middletown Immigration Society.

A meeting of this Society will be held at the usual place—Orliff's Hotel—on Tuesday afternoon next, the 11th inst., at 2 o'clock. Some interesting business will be brought before the Society, and all members are requested to be present.

Railroad Improvements.

The Delaware Railroad company is putting in a switch at Mt. Pleasant, and is making some improvements at Armstrongs and Middletown, in order to facilitate the shipment of peaches.

Public Meetings and Addresses.

We learn that the Masses of this town intend to hold their annual meeting in public, the evening of the 26th inst., and that an address will be delivered by Dr. G. Tromp Maxwell, on the occasion.

Among the acts of the Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in this State, which adjourned on Thursday afternoon at Newark, was the election of the “Standing Committee” for the Diocese of Delaware. This committee is one of the most important and responsible ones in the Church—inasmuch as they constitute a Council of advice to the Bishop, and occupy an intermediate position between the Bishop and the Church in his Diocese; and also between the Bishop and the general Convention, it being their province to act for the House of Clerical and Lay Deputies, in case of the election of a Bishop during the recess of the general Convention. The following gentlemen were elected:—Clerical: Rev. J. John Collins McCabe, D. D., Charles S. Spencer, Wm. Marshall; Lay: William T. Read and M. N. Curtis, Esqrs.

At a meeting of the Committee, Rev. Dr. McCabe was unanimously elected President of the same. Another committee was appointed, consisting of the Rev. W. J. Frost, D. D. Rev. John Collins McCabe, D. D., William T. Read, and H. N. Willie Esqrs. to look after the welfare of the Swedes who may colonize in this portion of the State. The Church of Sweden, as is known, is Episcopal in its form of government, and like the Episcopal Church in England and in this country, also uses in her public worship a regular Liturgy. All the Swedish churches, both in this State, and in Pennsylvania, have long since been incorporated with the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States. We hope both the spiritual and temporal happiness of these Bohemians will be cared for, and that these interesting strangers may have no cause to regret their removal from “Faderland” in either case.

Odessa Items.

At the meeting of the Building and Loan Association on Wednesday night, funds sold for seventeen and a half (17½) per cent. S. M. McCaskey was the purchaser.

The County Convention of Good Templars was held here on the 30th ult., also, a Temperance Lecture was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Davis of Georgetown, in the evening.

Rev. Doctor Kenney, has returned from General Conference.

The M. E. Sunday School contemplated holding a Raspberry Festival.

Strawberry Festival.

A Strawberry Festival will be held at Townsend on Thursday and Friday evenings next, the 13th and 14th inst. for the purpose of raising funds to liquidate the debt of Emanuel M. E. Church, at Townsend. Doors open at 4 o'clock.

Fair and Festival at Delaware City.

The ladies of Delaware City M. E. Church will hold a fair and festival on Wednesday evening, June 12th. All the delicacies of the season will be abundantly supplied. The proceeds will be for the benefit of the church.

From the Savannah News.

Shall a President be Elected Under Martial Law?

Under this caption the New York *Tribune* (“honest Mr. Greeley's organ”) pitches into Beas Butler for endeavoring by a disreputable trick to have the Ku-Klux law—by which the President is empowered to suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*—at his pleasure—extended until after the Presidential election. The editor says: “there is no excuse now for violent Ku-Klux legislation,” and declares that whatever the original need for it may have been, it has wholly passed away. For months, says he, “there has been scarcely a sign of Ku-Klux disorder; negroes and whites having learned to occupy in peace the land in which Providence has placed them together, are even preparing to meet in harmonious action on the common platform of the Cincinnati Convention.”

Under these circumstances, the whites of the South having been forced to adopt the social and political equality theories of Horace Greeley, and to unite on common ground for his election to the Presidency, the *Tribune* has no longer any use for the Ku-Klux law, so earnestly, insidiously and persistently advocated through its columns by “honest Mr. Greeley,” and which it now characterizes as “a most alarming and dangerous power to commit to a President like Gen. Grant, when his own interests are at stake.” Indeed, the *Tribune* now expresses its doubts as to any necessity ever having existed for a law which, it says, “was only accepted by the American people with the greatest reluctance, because of a belief of its instant necessity for the present protection of a helpless race, exposed to midnight scourings and assassinations.” In its fierce opposition to the very measure which it formerly so zealously supported, it now warns Beas Butler and those who favor the Ku-Klux law by which they are endeavoring to extend its operation, that “the dodge will not win; that a great nation cannot be tricked into its purpose like a ward caucus;” and that their attempt to continue the odious and oppressive law in force till after the Presidential election “may prove a very serious piece of business.”

In the present position of the *Tribune*, we have a striking illustration of the fable of the ox and the bull. When, only a few months ago, Mr. Greeley was the acknowledged leader of the Grant faction—when he was “honestly” (?) exerting his influence to build up and sustain the Grant dynasty—when he had his hired Bohemians traveling all over the South, writing horrible stories of the rebel savagery and Ku-Klux outrages for the columns of the *Tribune*, and urging the adoption of the most despotic measures against the helpless and oppressed people of the South—then it was his bull and his ox. But now that “honest Mr. Greeley” is a candidate for the Presidency and relies upon the votes of Southern rebels to elect him over General Grant, he feels that it is his ox that is in danger, and his organ calls loudly for the tethering of the Radical bull, which he insists should no longer be allowed to run at large. Verily circumstances alter cases, and should it so turn out that the Democrats nominate a candidate of their own party—which we most ardently hope they will do—and “honest Mr. Greeley” becomes convinced of his mistake in supposing that “the negroes and whites of the South are in harmonious political action on the common platform of the Cincinnati Convention,” we may expect to hear the *Tribune* demand the enforcement of the Ku-Klux law as loudly as it originally clamored for its enactment. “Honest Mr. Greeley” was first and foremost in advocating the passage of the Ku-Klux law—Gen. Grant has rigorously and cruelly executed it. If the Democrats refuse to vote with the negroes for Mr. Greeley, then Mr. Greeley, as he has announced in advance, will support Grant, Ku-Klux law and all; and judging him by his past, he will favor the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* or any other measure that may be deemed necessary to preserve the Radical party from defeat.

The Government has hopes of saving the Washington treaty.

At the residence of James T. Bond, near Warwick, Md., on the 21st of May, Mary Ann Bond, daughter of the late Thomas Bond of Harford county, aged 64 years.

In Odessa, on the 24 inst. Mrs. Emily Legg, wife of DeWitt C. Legg, aged about 53 years.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.

Wheat.....\$2 19
Corn.....48 50
Oats.....48 50
Timothy Seed.....4 25
Clover.....25 00
Eggs.....25 00
Butter.....18 00
Lard.....10 10
Pork.....10 00
Turkeys.....16 00
Ducks.....16 00
Chickens.....18 00
Geese.....16 00

PRIME WHEAT.....\$2 06 25
Corn, yellow.....73 54
Oats (Pennsylvania).....56
Clover.....57
Timothy.....4 15

BUSINESS LOCALS.

We are happy to say to the afflicted, that Dr. Bond of Philadelphia, will be pleased to see all at the principle stores in the city and neighboring towns.

The Committee guarantee a seat to each holder of a ticket, but advise an early purchase, as seats will only be erected in proportion to the number secured. For further information apply to E. F. JAMES, Chairman Executive Committee, or to HARRY E. BEISLER, Secretary Executive Committee. June 1—2w.

REMEMBER THE TOURNAMENT AT GALENA, Kent County, Maryland, THURSDAY, JUNE 13TH, 1872.

PROMINENT SPEAKERS are engaged for the occasion, and a full BRASS BAND WILL BE PRESENT.

At 10 o'clock, A. M. the Knights, Marshals, and Pages, headed by the Band, will parade through the town previous to going to the Tiltng Grounds.

In addition to the honor of crowning a Queen and three Maids of Honor.

THREE VALUABLE PRIZES Will be awarded to the successful Knight, Refreshments and Horse feed will be furnished on the ground.

A GRAND BALL Will be given in the evening at the TOWN HALL.

Tickets to Tournament Grounds 50 cents. Children under 12 years half price. For particulars see large bills. June 1—2w.

NEW JERSEY CHEMICAL CO., AMMONIATED SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

The NEW JERSEY CHEMICAL COMPANY having purchased the Chemical Works late of Potts & Klett, are now manufacturing Ammoniated Super-Phosphate of Lime fully equal in quality and condition to the Rhodes Super-Phosphate, formerly made by Potts & Klett, and has heretofore given general satisfaction.

We are now prepared to furnish consumers and dealers with the above Super-Phosphate and shall be glad to supply our old customers and others. We also beg to call your attention to the “ORCHIA GUANO.”

This Guano we receive direct from the Orchilia Island. Wherever it has been fully tried it is pronounced one of the best and cheapest fertilizers in the market.

YARNALL & TRIMBLE, SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS, 147 South Front Street, Philadelphia.

Mar 16—3ms 3f

LIME, LIME, LIME!!

THE subscriber will furnish the best quick lime to all who may want, at a low price. For further information inquire of John A. Reynolds, Middletown, Delaware, or address him to act for me.

GEORGE WHITE, Middletown, Pa.

FOR SALE.

1 COPPER STILL and Fixture, all in good order. Capacity seventy five gallons. Also Five Hogsheads and also about six hundred gallons Old Peach Brandy for sale.

June 1—1m.

FOR SALE.

A BOW AND NIGHT PLUS for sale. Apply to B. R. GILL, Near Townsend, Del.

June 8—3w.

FOR SALE.

THE choice from two pairs of mules. One pair seven and eight years old, 16 hands high. The other 5 years old and nearly 16 hands high. Both well broken and guaranteed.

GEORGE WHITE, Middletown, Del.

June 8—1y.

FOR SALE.

The Middletown Transcript

IN PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
BY C. H. VANDERFORD.
TERMS—\$3.00 a year, payable in advance.
No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at the option of the publisher.
RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Advertisements of 10 lines or less will be inserted twice for \$1.00, and 25 cents for each additional insertion. Business cards, \$10 per year. One-quarter of a column, 3 months; 1/2 column, 6 months; 3/4 column, 9 months; 1 column, 1 year, \$30.00. One column, 10 cents a line for each insertion. Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Obituaries charged for at regular advertising rates.

For the Middletown Transcript.
Not for Hancock.

EDITOR OF TRANSCRIPT:—In contemplation of the near approach of the time for the National Democratic Party to meet in Convention, to decide upon a candidate for the suffrages of the people, who will thereby be raised to the exalted position of President of this great Republic; and appreciating the importance of having, in advance of such action by the party, a thorough knowledge of the public acts of any of the distinguished gentlemen who will probably be put in nomination, which may affect his availability, dissemination, and fully discussed, beforehand, I beg you to publish the accompanying "Appeal to the Colored People," written and issued by Gen. W. S. Hancock, in 1865.

Gen. Hancock's Appeal to the Colored People.
To the colored people of the District of Columbia and of Maryland, of Alexandria, and the border country of Virginia.

Your President has been murdered! He has fallen by the assassin, and without a moment's warning, simply and solely because he was your friend and the friend of our country. Had he been unfaithful to you and the great cause of human freedom, he might have lived. The pistol from which he met his death, though held by Booth, was fired by the hands of treason and slavery. Think of this, and remember how long and how anxiously this goodman labored to break your chains and to make you happy. I now appeal to you by every consideration which can move a just and brave heart, to aid in discovering and arresting his murderer. Concealed by traitors, he is believed to be lurking somewhere within the limits of the District of Columbia, or the State of Maryland, or Virginia. Go forth, then, and watch and listen, and inquire, and search, and pray, by day and night, until you shall have succeeded in dragging this monstrous and bloody criminal from his hiding place. You can do much; even the humblest and feeblest among you, by patience and unceasing vigilance, may render the most important assistance. Large rewards have been offered by the government, and by municipal authorities, and they will be paid for the apprehension of this murderer, and for any information that will aid in his arrest. But I feel that you need no such stimulus at this time. You will hunt down the cowardly assassin of your best friend, as you would the murderer of your own father. Do this, and God, whose servant has been slain, and the country which has given you freedom, will bless you for this act of patriotism. All information which will lead to the arrest of Booth, or Surratt, or Harold, should be communicated to these headquarters, or to General Holt, Judge Advocate General at Washington, or if immediate action is required, then to the nearest military authorities. All officers and soldiers in this command, and all loyal people are enjoined to increased vigilance. Major General U. S. Vol. Commanding Middle Military Division.

No one can sympathize with the feeling which dictated the unmeasured denunciation of the diabolical act referred to in Gen. Hancock's order, more profoundly than I; but why address such an order exclusively to colored people? Why were they supposed to be more interested in arresting and inflicting just punishment upon a great criminal than any other class of citizens? Why, by declaring to the negroes, that, "the pistol which killed Mr. Lincoln, though held by Booth, was fired by the hands of treason and slavery," calumniate, by indirection, a whole people and instill into the minds of an ignorant race or, quicken into operation the poison of malignant hate? Is a man who has not greatness of soul enough to lift himself above making such an impassioned appeal to an ignorant and prejudiced class against a prostrate, bleeding, helpless and submissive people, as the Southern then were, fit to be the President of this united country? Can a man who levelled such a blow at the honor of the brave Southerners, in their hour of defeat and humiliation be expected to receive their support of his ambition to be their ruler? Where was the necessity for attempting to brand a whole people, thus circumstanced, with the infamy of being assassins? If that be an evidence of magnanimity, there are many who fail to appreciate it.

The Louisville Courier-Journal is aggrieved because we are disinclined to follow it into the Radical camp, recent our Democratic principles and unite with it in advocating the election of the oldest, best and bitterest Radical in the Union to the Presidency. The editor asserts that "the road the News has taken leads inevitably to Grant and Radicalism." We can't see it in that light. On the contrary, we believe that the surest way to avoid Radicalism is to stick to our Democracy. When we get so far on the way towards Radicalism as to endorse Horace Greeley with all his long record of hostility to the South, his higher-law theories and endless catalogue of lies, we shall think we have not far to go.

The Democrat can bank with Greeley need not scruple to go to bed with Grant. When two such political Jacobins fall out, we can see no reason why honest Democrats should make common cause with either of them.—Savannah News.

GREAT NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN NURSERIES.

100,000 Prime Peach Trees,
All budded on stock grown from natural seed. The above stock embraces some new and desirable varieties that cannot be obtained elsewhere this season.
300,000 Apple Trees,
Standard and Dwarf, two and three years old, largely of early variety and Southern winter or keeping apples. Fruit growers would do well to turn their attention to the cultivation of early Apples. The early varieties grow and fruit well anywhere on the Peninsula; bear young and command high prices in the market. All who plant peach orchards should not fail to plant the ground with early apples at 34 feet apart with peaches between, each way—37 apple and 113 peach trees to the acre. Peach trees alone at 20 feet each way 100 per acre. When the peach trees are one half done the apples are in profitable bearing; the apples will last about 50 years. In 1871 when the Hales' Early peaches sold in New York for from \$1.50 to \$2.00 per crate, the early apples sold readily at some time for \$3.00 to \$5.00 per crate; the apples producing three times as many crates per acre as the peaches. When the peach orchard is done and gone the planter has the ground occupied with a good and profitable orchard, which in most cases will outlive the planter. I have a large stock of standard and dwarf Apples, Early Richmond and other Cherries, Gooseberries, Currants, Honeysuckle and other Raspberries, Blackberries in variety, Strawberries in variety, Conifers Colossal and Imperial Arborvitae, Evergreen and Deciduous Trees, Shrubs, Roses, etc., suitable for farms and yards. Greenhouses, etc. Hot-house plants—Can furnish all kinds of trees and plants usually found in any first class establishment. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention—write for catalogue. Hiram Budd, Esq. is my authorized agent at Middletown, Del. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.
June 1—6m.
RANDOLPH PETERS,
Wilmington, Del.

CARRIAGES.

ALEXANDER & SON'S

Carriage Works,
DELAWARE CITY, DEL.

They wish to inform their old customers and the public generally that they have on hand and make to order
CARRIAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
and warranted to be of the best quality, which they offer at reasonable prices.
May 15—2

J. THOS. BUDD,
SUCCESSOR TO
GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
CORNER OF MAIN AND CASS STREETS,
Middletown, Delaware.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF
NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.

NEGOTIATE LOANS, PURCHASE & SELL
STOCKS ON COMMISSION,
And offer for sale
Valuable Real Estate,
Comprising some of the most desirable Farms on the Peninsula.

Correspondence by mail solicited.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:
Hon. R. C. Holliday, Sec. of State, Annapolis, Md.
W. R. Bergholz, Memphis & El Paso Pacific Railroad, N. Y.
R. A. King, Banker, 41 Broad St., N. Y.
Hon. Richard Schell, 50 Wall St., N. Y.
Col. Benton Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
Gen. Bertr. Ad. General, Baltimore, Md.
Seyfert, McManis & Co., Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson,
March 17—4f

BOWERS' Complete Manure,

MADE FROM
Super-Phosphate of Lime, Ammonia and Potash.

The manufacturer is enabled, by considerably decreased cost of raw material, to offer Complete Manure the coming season at a lower price than the standard of this manure is in every respect maintained, the following certificate of analysis is shown:

DEAR SIR:—In compliance with your request I have analyzed four samples of "Bowers' Complete Manure," of the years 1869, 1870, 1871 and 1872. These analyses show a great uniformity in character.
[Signed] Dr. F. A. GENTH,
Consulting Chemist and Geologist,
No. 108 Arch St., Philadelphia.
ALSO FOR SALE
Sulphate of Ammonia,
AND SALTS CONTAINING OF
Sulphate, Muriate and Phosphate of Potash.
HENRY BOWER,
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST,
Gray's Ferry Road Philadelphia.
March 23—3m 3f

JOHN F. WHITE,

VETERINARY SURGEON,
Middletown, Del.

Office over J. T. Hayes' Tobacco Store.

We the undersigned, residents of St. Georges Hundred, respectfully recommend to the owners of valuable stock the services of John F. White. We have employed him in many difficult cases, and found him to have a thorough knowledge of all diseases that stock are subject to.—George W. Kearney, Samuel Peterson, L. Williams, P. T. Perry, S. M. Enos, Serick F. Shallerens, George W. Orrell, James J. Janvier, James T. Shallerens, W. R. Vandegrift, W. N. Hamilton, M. D., R. W. Cochran, Samuel Pennington, Thomas Cochran, H. A. Perkins, II. A. Nowland, Wm. Dudley, R. R. Cochran.
May 4—4f

Real Estate Bulletin, APRIL 27th.

I RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of persons desiring to invest in land upon this peninsula to the following farms in Cecil and Kent counties, Md., and in New Castle county, Del.

No. 49.—A very desirable fruit and dairy farm containing 280 acres, with good buildings, situated between Elk and Bohemia rivers, nicely watered by spring branches, and considerable of it now in grass; land well improved, and in a good neighborhood; only 1/2 m. from wharf on Elk river; produce can be shipped daily to Baltimore and Philadelphia by steamers; 6,500 peach trees now in bearing—sold 6000 baskets of peaches last season from 3500 trees. Soil—sandy loam, yellow clay subsoil; about 60 acres of splendid meadow, in green grass and white clover. Price, only \$22,000, upon very easy terms.

No. 53.—A splendid farm in Thoroughfare Neck, New Castle county, Del. containing 275 acres; elegant buildings; with three miles of Spring very fine orchard of choice fruit, the choicest varieties. Will be sold on reasonable terms. This is one of the most desirable farms in New Castle county as an investment.

No. 50.—A profitable farm near "Worton Height," Kent county, Md. containing 484 acres of good land; dwelling upon an elevated commanding a beautiful view of Chesapeake bay; 2 1/2 miles from station on Kent R. R.; good buildings and of modern style and finish; 5000 peach trees; apple orchard; splendid gunning and fishing; surrounded by churches and schools, and in a most desirable neighborhood. Price, only \$60 per acre.

No. 40.—A cheap farm containing 315 acres, in Kent county, Md. 14 miles from Saxapfuss, with commodious dwelling and outbuildings, erected but a few years since. Price, only \$11,000.

No. 48.—A nice farm, containing 165 acres of good land, about 3 miles from Middletown; 3-story frame dwelling, nearly new; 3 acres of woodland. Price, \$95 per acre, upon reasonable terms.

No. 43.—A farm of 180 acres of well-improved land, situated 6 miles west of Middletown; 2 miles from Kent Co. R. R. station; large three-story dwelling, barn, granary, carriage-house; good fences; watered by the Bohemia river, and spring branches in every part of the farm; adapted to grazing. Fine Large Frame Dwelling; large Barn, Granary, Barrels and all requisite outbuildings. Soil light loam, highly improved; splendid location; 2 1/2 miles from Chesapeake City and short half mile from Bohemia Ferry and wharf; a title beyond question; to any one in want of a really delightful home, where all the comforts of rural life may be easily obtained, we can heartily commend the above tract as one seldom offered; fine fishing and boating. Terms very easy; price very reasonable.

No. 59.—A desirable tract of excellent land, containing 380 acres; highly improved, nicely situated upon the south bank of ducking Creek, New Castle county, 2 1/2 miles from Blackbird Station, on Delaware Railroad; 4 miles from Odessa and about 6 miles from Middletown. Soil a rich loam, clay subsoil; adapted to grain of all kinds, grass and fruit; has an orchard of 4000 very choice varieties of peach trees, coming two years old; a landing upon the farm, where produce can be shipped to Philadelphia, and line can be landed upon the water. The buildings consist of a comfortable frame dwelling containing 8 rooms, good barn and granary; a nice apple and pear orchard in bearing; about 350 acres under cultivation, and balance in woodland; this tract has been regularly tilled, and will now produce an average of 50 bushels of corn per acre; a very desirable tract of land, and as an investment must be a profitable one. Price and terms reasonable.

No. 60.—A splendid farm of 250 acres, upon Blackbird Creek, adjoining No. 59, 2 1/2 miles from Blackbird Station, Del. R. R., and like No. 59 is in a high state of cultivation; about 230 acres of cleared land; well adapted to grain, grass and fruit; an orchard of 4000 very choice peach trees, coming 2 years old; 2,500 year old apple trees; a splendid branch of spring water runs the entire length of the farm, giving fresh water to every enclosure; 2000 very choice peach trees 2 years old; 2,500 year old apple trees; a small orchard of choice apples and pears; this tract has two sets of comfortable buildings, and could be about equally divided with orchards on each; the buildings consist of good frame dwelling, 5 rooms each; frame barn, granary and an excellent stable; situated immediately upon the Blackbird R. R. This place enjoys unusual facilities for shipping fruit to New York and other markets, and all manner of fruit or vegetables can readily be delivered to New York or markets farther east; price and terms reasonable to a reliable purchaser.

No. 62.—A splendid Plantation in North Carolina, at the mouth of North river, containing about 300 acres of excellent land; has a peach orchard of 10,000 trees; owner expects to realize at least \$4000 of fruit this year; location commands a beautiful view of the river and mountains; communication with Norfolk, Va. by steamer, distance 60 miles, in eight hours. Price 20,000, on reasonable terms. Several Northern families have already settled in the immediate neighborhood.

No. 63.—A splendid tract of White Oak Timber, upon navigable water in Talbot county, Md. containing 500 acres; this tract is considered the finest body of heavy white oak timber in the county; it has always been kept as a park, and now has upon it original growth of timber. Vessels drawing 18 feet of water can lay within 1/2 mile of the tract, or timber may be shipped by railroad, which is distant about 4 miles. Price and terms reasonable.

No. 64.—A farm of 118 acres of splendid land near Cecilton, Cecil county, Maryland; well watered, excellent fence, in a high state of cultivation, producing grain of all kinds, and particularly adapted to wheat and corn; 5,830 trees, mostly in bearing; frame buildings in fair order; very convenient to navigation and Rail Roads. Now rents for \$1,000 per annum. Price and terms very reasonable.

No. 64.—The "Court House Point" farm, on Elk river, containing 250 acres of good natural soil, with frame dwelling, barn and necessary outbuildings; wharf on the farm, a stopping place for steamers from Baltimore and Philadelphia; the dwelling comfortable; a beautiful view of the Chesapeake bay and tributaries; could be made very profitable as a summer resort; excellent gunning in season; soil—early loam; very desirable as a truck farm. Price, \$15,000, upon easy terms.

No. 45.—A desirable farm of 280 acres of excellent soil on Chester river; brick dwelling and good outbuildings; 6000 peach trees; 100 apple trees; daily communication with Baltimore by steamers; wharf and landing 1/2 mile from dwelling; in fine neighborhood; communication by rail and steamer to a reliable purchaser, and terms made satisfactory.

No. 47.—A splendid farm of 325 acres, upon Chesapeake bay in Kent co. Md., 6 miles from Chestertown, 2 1/2 from Kent Railroad. Commodious dwelling, overlooking the bay; new barn, cost \$2,000; all requisite outbuildings; 12,000 peach trees, choice varieties; communication by rail with New York and Philadelphia, and by steamers daily with Baltimore. Will be sold low, and upon accommodating terms.

No. 55.—A large tract of land upon the Kent R. R. station, 1/2 mile from station, containing 500 acres; 3 sets of buildings; under good fences; in fine neighborhood; very healthy location; 1,500 peach trees in bearing. Price \$50 per acre.

No. 55.—An elegant country-seat upon the Bohemia river, in Cecil county, in a very high state of cultivation. Splendid mansion and grounds; good outbuildings; every variety of fruits, flowers, and ornamental trees and shrubbery; easy access to all the cities by rail and steamer; 8500 peach trees in bearing; a very healthy location, and most desirable residence.

No charge made for showing any of the above properties; Correspondence solicited and definite information cheerfully given by addressing
J. THOMAS BUDD,
Broker, Conveyancer and Real Estate Agent,
Middletown,
New Castle county, Delaware.
May 25—4f.

Register's Order.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
NEW CASTLE COUNTY, March 28th, 1872.

Upon the application of Richard T. Lockwood, Administrator of JAMES ANDERSON, late of St. Georges Hundred, in said County, deceased; it is ordered and directed by the Register, that the Administrator aforesaid give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places in the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.

Given under hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written. B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same daily situated to the Administrator on or before March 28th, 1872, or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

R. T. LOCKWOOD, Administrator.
april 13—2m Address—Middletown, Del.

MARKET ST. FURNITURE STORE,

1019 Market Street, 1019
PHILADELPHIA.

BUY YOUR FURNITURE DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURER.

ROBERT WILSON

Cabinet-Maker & Upholsterer,
No. 1019 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacture of, and dealer in, Fine and Medium Furniture of all kinds, wholesale and retail.

ALSO, COTTAGE CHAMBER SUITS, 2000 Mattresses, Bedding, Feathers, &c. &c. of every description. All goods warranted. All goods sold cheap for cash. "23"
april 13—3m

TO CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

Worden & Evans,
SMYRNA, DELAWARE.

MACHINES AND SAWYERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SASH, DOORS, MOULDING, BLINDS,
2000 FLOORING, FRAME LUMBER, &c. &c.
All kinds of sawing done. Machinery made and repaired. Iron and steel work of all kinds. The latest improved sash machine has been put into their establishment, and all work will be done at Philadelphia Prices. [June 3—4f]

POROUS DRAIN TILE.

Edge-Shaped, 2 to 7 inches Gutter.
Round, with Collar, 12 to 24 inches Gutter.
Address, W. M. BELL,
Smyrna, Del.
Successor to Allen & Bell.

Respectfully refers to John C. Benson, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Park, R. Morris & Co. land, Esq. Ch. Eng. of Ridley Park, near Chester, March 23—8m

THOMAS DUPUY.

57 SOUTH SECOND STREET,
Above Chestnut, East Side, Philadelphia.
Would call the attention of those wishing to purchase Carpets, to his large and choice line of Foreign and Domestic, both in relation to quality as well as styles. Also Old Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, and Rods, &c. &c. at the lowest cash prices.
N. B.—J. STEWART DUPUY is not at 250 S. 2nd St. but at Thomas Dupuy.
april 9, 1872—3m 4s.

FLOWERS!

THE undersigned as agent for Randolph Peters, will furnish to order Flowers, Shrubs, Shade Trees, &c. at short notice. He will receive a fresh lot of Flowers on Monday, and will continue to receive them every few days, until further notice.
HIRSH DEAL,
Middletown, Del.

FESTIVAL.

THE LADIES OF SHREWSBURY CHURCH, Kent Co. Md., on the 5th sixth and seventh of June, commencing at 6 o'clock, P. M.
June 1—1w

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

JUST received, a cargo of VERY SUPERIOR COAL.
Store.....2240 lbs. \$7.00
Net.....2240 lbs. 6.00
All orders will receive prompt attention.
June 17—4f CHAS. T. STRATTON,
Odessa, Del.

FOR RENT.

THREE GOOD HOUSES in Middletown, on a rent, two on Lake street, and one on Lockwood street. Apply to
March 16—4f J. B. FENIMORE.

FOR RENT—TWO HOUSES ON ANDERSON ST., MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Apply to
March 25th of March. Apply to
mar 2—4f ROBT. A. COCHRAN.

Schanck, Acker & Sibley

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FRUITS, PRODUCE &c.

103 PARK PLACE, NEW YORK.

Refer by Permission to
Henry Cowgill, Esq. Woodside, Del.
Isaac H. Fisher, Esq. Oakhill Seaford, Del.
Hon. W. H. Ross, Esq. Gov. of Del., Seaford.
Wm. Walker, Esq. Dover, Del.
Samuel Townsend, Esq. Townsend, Del.
Hon. Isaac D. Jones, Princess Anne, Md.
Hon. John B. Whitehead, Mayor of Norfolk, Va.
Wm. Lamb, Esq. Norfolk, Va.
Hon. Joseph Combs, Freehold N. J.

Correspondence solicited. Shipping cards and Stencil Plates furnished. Send for price-current and circular. [May 18—4f]

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE STATE.

DeWolf,

308 Market Street, WILMINGTON, DEL

Having enlarged my store, I have now on hand the largest and best selected stock of SPRING CLOTHING, for GENTS, YOUTHS and BOYS, in the State, which I am offering at Prices to suit all.

A separate Apartment for Boys Clothing. Good all wool Suits at \$10. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. [April 6—6m.]

CARPETS.

J. E. & E. B. ORNE,

904 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

Have now opened the most Elegant Variety of New Carpets ever imported. Notwithstanding the great advance, J. E. & E. B. ORNE have determined to offer their entire stock at old prices.

Tapestry Carpets, all the new Brussels styles in single and double widths. J. E. & E. B. ORNE are closing out the balance of last Season's Importations, Velvet and English Brussels Carpets, at a heavy reduction in Price. Also an invoice of PERSIAN CARPETS at \$2.50 per yard. [April 6—2m]

"Goods are nearer advertised by this House as Bargains, unless they are actually under the market value."

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

FOR THE PRESENT,
CROSSLEY'S, DOUBLE CROSS, BEST
English Tapestry Brussels, SILVER COIN,

\$1.50 Per Yard,
IN NEW AND FASHIONABLE DESIGNS.

BA RGAINS IN INGRAIN, OIL CLOTHS & MATTINGS.

Granville Worrell,

220 AND 222 MARKET STREET.

WILMINGTON, DEL.

Jan 20, 1871—1y.

228 EDWARD MOORE, 228

Manufacturer of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING
ON HAND, MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER.
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF
PIECE GOODS, for Order Work.
Apr 22—ly 228 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

Henry Clayton,

Mt. Pleasant, Del.
BREEDER OF
Dark Brahma, Buff
AND
Partridge Cochins.

DARK BRAHMAS

Bred from Choice Importations of Clapp, Wade and Vanwinkle;
From W. H. Churchman's noted strains, and
From Choice Importations of Shaner and Brinton.

BUFF COCHINS

From W. H. Churchman's noted strains, and
From Choice Importations of Shaner and Brinton.

Partridge Cochins.

From W. H. Churchman's noted strains, and
From Choice Importations of Shaner and Brinton.

Eggs For Sale,

ALSO, A FEW CHOICE COCKERELS.
All persons interested in Choice Poultry are invited to come and see my Breeding Fowls, and judge for themselves.
Apr 18—3m

For Coroner.

To the Democratic Voters of New Castle County.
FELLOW CITIZENS:—From the flattering vote given me heretofore, and the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I again offer myself for the office of Coroner of New Castle county at the next Democratic nomination election, and pledge myself to the nominees of the party.
May 4th, '72—1y RICHARD GROVES.

CHEAP STORE!!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS CONSISTING, IN PART, OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS,
QUEENSWARE,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,
EARTHEN & STONE WARE,
FISH, MEATS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
ALSO, AGENT FOR
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
And in fact everything usually kept in a FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE,
All of which we should be pleased to have you
CALL AND EXAMINE
NO CHARGE
FOR SHOWING GOODS.
TERMS CASH!!!

J. F. ELIASON,
Cheap Store,
Middletown, Del.
april 27—1f

500 Dollars

To be given away in
PREMIUMS,
S. R. STEPHENS & CO'S.
CASH STORE.
We are now offering a new stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Of great Variety and Style, at low prices for Cash.
We will also pay to all persons purchasing to the amount of Five Dollars or over, 5 per cent in Silver.
We respectfully invite all cash buyers to give us a call before purchasing, as we keep constantly on hand a large variety of goods.
N. B. Sole owners of the Right for New Castle County, of HALL'S Little Washer, Price Five Dollars.
S. R. STEPHENS & CO.
April 27—1f. Middletown, Del.

THE IMPROVED FLORENCE.

THE BEST SEWING MACHINE MADE.
The only machine that makes four different stitches! The only machine that fastens the ends of seams!
The only machine that will move the work in any direction desired! and the only machine that has a self-adjusting tension. These advantages, motion, together with the beauty and quality of its work with recent improvements render it the most desirable, durable and best Family Sewing Machine in the world. 200 Agents wanted in every county.
WILSON & PENNYPACKER, Managers.
april 27—3m 4f 1123 Chestnut St. Philad'a.

HILLIARD & McMULKIN,

COMMISSION DEALERS IN
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
Domestic Fruit, &c.
368, 369 and 370,
West Washington Market, New York.
april 27—6m

CUCUMBER PUMPS!

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.
Middletown, Del.
april 27—6m

C. MAISEL,

TAILOR, (From Paris),
1821 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
may 31—1y

